

**SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - III - 2016 - 2017**

**SOCIAL STUDIES**

(English Medium)

**PART - A & B**

**Class : VI ]**

**(Max. Marks : 80)**

**[ Time : 2.45 Hrs.**

**Instructions:**

1. 15 Minutes are allotted to read the question paper and 2:30 Hrs for writing answers.
2. Part - A must be answered in a separate answer sheet.
3. Students can take along the Part - A question paper with them.
4. Part - B must be supplied along with Part - A at the beginning of the examination
5. Map and Part -B (Bit Paper) should be tied to the answer sheet and hand over to the invigilator

**Marks : 60)**

**PART - A**

**(Time : 2-00 Hrs.**

**SECTION - I**

**Note : Answer ALL the questions.**

**Each question carries '2' Marks.**

**4 X 2 = 8 M**

1. Earliest people used stone tools. What type of tools do we use now-a-days?
2. Which language do you like? Why?
3. Mention the factors that enabled Magadha a powerful kingdom?
4. Give examples of Democratic countries.

**SECTION - II**

**Note : Answer ALL the questions.**

**Each question carries '4' Marks.**

**5X4 = 20 M**

5. Based on information provided in the below picture, list out the tasks that a women generally is doing in present day society?

**[ Turn Over**



6. What problems are the farmers facing in our state due to scanty rains this year?
7. Describe how Konda Reddys take care of forests they use.
8. Read the below map and answer the following questions



[ Contd on 3rd page.....

- a. Name the capital city which is under construction now.
  - b. Mention the names of two North Indian states.
  - c. Name the capital city of Tamilnadu?
  - d. What is Delhi for India?
9. Who used to become the Village Headman in the times of Mahajanapadas?  
What were his powers?

**SECTION - III**

**Note : Answer ALL the questions.**

**There is internal choice for each question.**

**Each question carries '8' Marks.**

**4 x 8 = 32 M**

10. What does a Village Panchayat do? Explain.

**(OR)**

Explain about Latitudes and Longitudes.

11. " Rythu Bazaars are useful to both producers and consumers"

- Do you agree with this opinion? Write your comments.

**(OR)**

Thus, a free and fair election of representatives is the basis of our democratic system. Prior to the elections, people are expected to think and discuss the issues on which a government has to act. Different persons or parties advocating different points of view openly discuss their views. This will enable the voters to decide on the candidate they would like to represent them.

Q: Comment on the importance of free and fair elections in Democracy.

**[ Turn Over**

12. Convert the below information into a tabular form.

(Hint: Use the headings YEAR, MALES, FEMALES)

We find that the proportion of females in Indian population is constantly decreasing. In 1951, there were 945 females for every thousand males. In 1981, it declined to 931 per thousand males. After that, it rose to 940 females per thousand males by 2011.

(OR)

Study the following information and answer the questions given below.

According to Gautama Buddha, sorrow is caused by excessive craving and desire. We can attain freedom from sorrow if we control our desires. In order to gain control over our desires, we need to live a balanced and controlled life, and should not cause pain to any living being. Buddha taught that one should avoid extremes - extreme penance or extreme pleasure, but instead follow a middle path. That is why Buddhism is also called the 'Great Middle Path'. The teachings of Buddha came to be known as Buddhism.

- Who is the founder of Buddhism?
- What is the root cause of sorrow?
- How can we get rid of sorrow?
- Why Buddhism is called 'Great middle Path'?

13. Locate the following on "Indian Map".

- |                   |                     |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| (1) Thar Desert   | (2) Cauvery River   |
| (3) Western Ghats | (4) Kalinga Region. |

(OR)

Locate the following on "India Map"

- |                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| (1) River Godavari | (2) Eastern Ghats |
| (3) Deccan Plateau | (4) Arabian Sea   |