

**Class :**  
**6 Date :**

**ENGLIH**

**Marks: 80**  
**Time :2**  
**hrs.**

**Note: (Answer all the questions on the answer sheets.)**

### **SECTION A : READING COMPREHENSION**

A Read the passage and answer the question.

Kaala Paani, the Cellular Jail situated in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, was a colonial prison. The Britishers used this prison especially to exile Indian political prisoners. Many notable dissidents such as Batukeshwar Dutt and Veer Savarkar and many more Indian freedom fighters were imprisoned here during the struggle for India's independence.

The jail was called „Cellular Jail" as the solitary cells in the prison were constructed in such a way that they prevented the prisoners from communicating with each other. Also, the spokes were so designed that the face of a cell in a spoke saw the back of the cells in another spoke. This made communication between prisoners impossible and they were all left to die in solitary confinement. These islands were so remote that they were the most suitable place to punish the rebels many of whom died in its premises.

Two out of the seven wings of the jail were demolished during the short (1942-1945) Japanese occupation of the island. After India became independent of the British rule, another two wings of the jail were demolished and the remaining three wings and the central tower were converted into a National Memorial in 1969. The entire complex of the jail was converted into a national memorial monument.

- A 1 1. What was the purpose of Cellular Jail during the British? (1)  
2. Name two freedom fighters who were imprisoned in the Cellular Jail? (1)  
3. How did the jail get its name? (1)  
4. What happened to the two wings of the jail during 1942-1945? (1)

A 2 Find the words from the passage that means the same. ( $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$ )

1. fight 2. freedom 3. alone 4. destroyed

### **Section B : GRAMMAR**

B1. Fill in the blanks with the abstract noun forms of the words given in the brackets ( $\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$ )



B7 . Change into the given tense and rewrite: (1x2=2)

1. I read novels.(past perfect)
2. Sumitra is participating in the competition.(simple past)

B8. Rewrite after punctuating : (1x8=2)

4

1. suresh said someone has stolen my wallet
2. gurmeet has gone to Australia

### **SECTION C : LITERATURE**

C1. Read the references given below and answer the questions that follow :

A. "He is as beautiful as the weathercock."

- i. Who said this? (1)
- ii. Why did he say that? (1)
- iii. What else did he say? (1)

B. "It's high time you found a job."

- i. Who said these words and to whom? (1)
- ii. Why did the speaker want the person to find a job? (1)

C. As if he knew what magic slept

In his quiet pipe the while;

- i. What magic you think is being talked about here? (1)
- ii. How does the person use it? (2)
- iii. What was the result of his magic? (1)

C2. Answer the following questions in brief: (2x5=10)

1. What happened to Anne after she climbed up the roof?
2. Who was Emily? What did she force Uncle Ken to do?
3. Why was the little swallow alone in the city? Where were his companions?
4. What happened at the Weser?
5. What was the fashionable amusement among the children of Avonlea?

### **SECTION D: WRITING**

D1. Write a paragraph on "THE HAPPIEST DAY OF MY LIFE". (Word limit 100 words) (5)

D2. Write a letter to your friend who stays in Mumbai describing the Play Fest held at your school (10)

**Multiple Choice Questions**

**(1x20=20)**

I Read the poem carefully and the answer the questions:

Whose woods are these I think I know  
His house is in the village though,  
He will not see me stopping here  
To watch his woods filled up with snow.

My little horse must think it queer,  
To stop without a farmhouse near,  
Between the woods and frozen lake  
The darkest evening of the year.

He gives his harness bell a shake  
To ask if there is some mistake  
The only other sound"s that sweep  
Of easy wind and downy flake.

The woods are lonely, dark and deep  
But I have promises to keep

And miles to go before I sleep and miles to go before I sleep.

And miles to go before I sleep and miles to go before I sleep.

1. What does „woods“ mean in this poem?

- a. house b. shelter c. forest d. lake
2. What are woods filled up with?  
a. horses b. snow c. noise d. people
3. The poem refers to which season of the year?  
a. summer b. autumn c. spring d. winter
4. What sounds can the poet listen to?  
a. harness bell b. wind c. both a and b d. none of these.
5. What does the line "And miles to go before I sleep." mean?  
a. The farmhouse is far away.  
b. The poet is very tired.  
c. He has to accomplish many tasks before his life ends.  
d. The journey was very tiring so he is feeling very sleepy.
6. The word „defiant“ means  
a. church b. desperately c. challenging d. swift
7. The poet of "The Pied Piper of Hamelin" is  
a. Robert Browning b. Ruskin Bond c. William Shakespeare d. Rabindranath Tagore
8. Where did Granny persuade Uncle Ken to work in?  
a. Gomti Cricket Association b. Padre Lal's Academy  
c. Bruce Hallam Training Institute d. None of the above
9. Who compared the statue of the Happy Prince to a „weathercock“?  
a. Swallow b. Reed c. Town Councillor d. The old lady

10. Why did Uncle Ken love to stay at Granny's place?
- She lived alone in her bungalow.
  - He was fond of her cooking.
  - He wanted to spend some time with the author.
  - He got appointed in the academy.
11. Abstract noun of carry is
- carriage
  - carrying
  - care
  - carried
12. \_\_\_\_\_  
a of drawers
- bench
  - bevy
  - chest
  - library
13. Identify the tense. "They played all day."
- Past Perfect
  - Simple past
  - Past continuous
  - Simple Present
14. This is the idea she ever gave.
- good
  - wonderful
  - intelligent
  - best
15. Choose the sentence with present perfect tense.
- Abhilasha drives a car
  - Abilasha has just driven a car.
  - Abhilasha is driving a car.
  - Abhilasha drove a car.
16. The sun's touched the hills.
- rays
  - race
  - raise
  - rain
17. The is extremely hot today.
- wither
  - whether
  - weather
  - weigher
18. I wrote an application to the .
- princeple
  - prinsiple
  - principal
  - principte
19. Identify the correct spelling
- appetite
  - appitite
  - apitite
  - apititte
20. Identify the kind of pronoun for „herself". " She always gave a competition to herself."

a. Personal pronoun    b. demonstrative    c. Reflexive    d. Emphatic

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